

# Análisis comparativo de CAPEX y OPEX para la tecnología BRM

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## I Contexto en España (MBR vs AP + terciario)

WS&T, tesis, MBRblog, guia

## II MBR sumergido vs externo (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

WEFTEC 2018

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## Cost comparison of full-scale water reclamation technologies\*

CEDEX, ACA, ESAMUR, CYII, UPM, UdG, ICRA

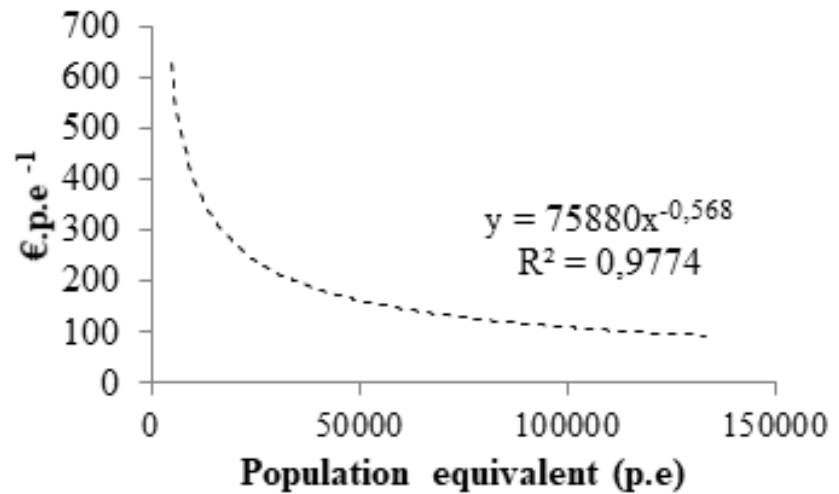
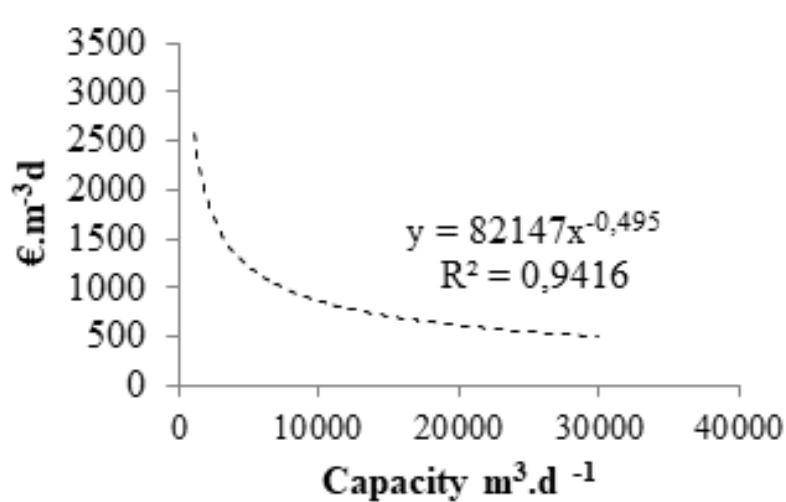
14 MBR (2002-2009) en Murcia (Aledo\*, Calasparra\*, El Valle\*\*, Los Cañares\*, Mar Menor\*\*, Riquelme\*\*, San Pedro\*\*) y en Catalunya (La Bisbal d'Empordà\*, Riells Viabrea, Sabadell, Terrassa, Vacarisses\*\*, Viladecans i Vallvidrera\*\*)

75 EDAR aeración prolongada y eliminación nutrientes (1993-2007), con terciario convencional (CRT: coagulación, filtro arena y desinfección) y terciario avanzado (ART: membranas)

\* WS&T, tesis, MBRblog, guía

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## CAPEX\*

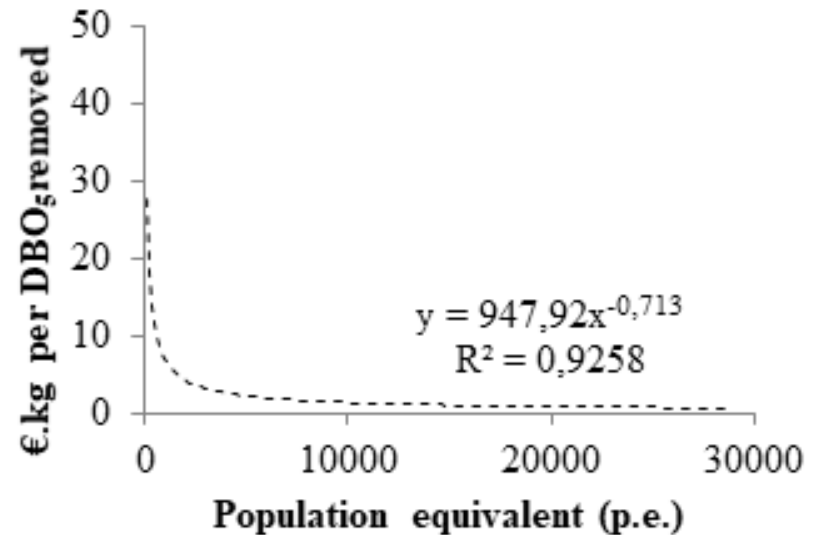
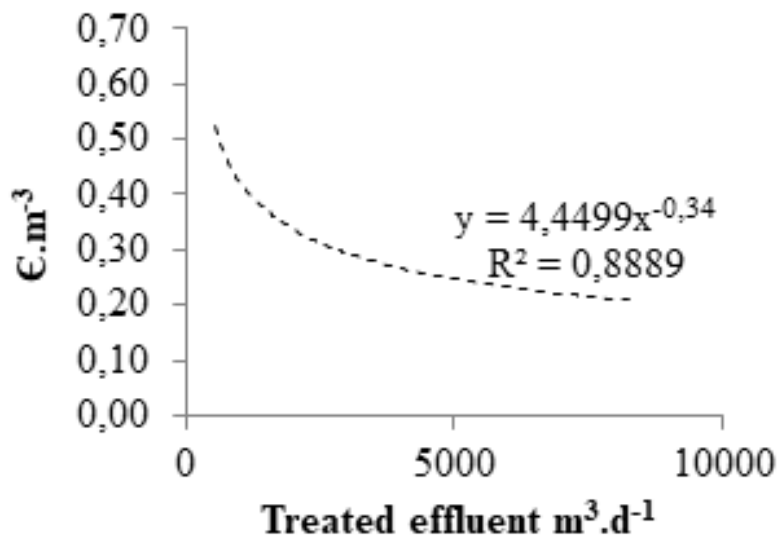


- \* Costes de la licitación (sin overheads ni beneficio industrial) actualizados a 2011 (IPC)  
No incluye precio de terreno ni obras de acondicionamiento

# I Contexto: experiencia / datos en España

## OPEX

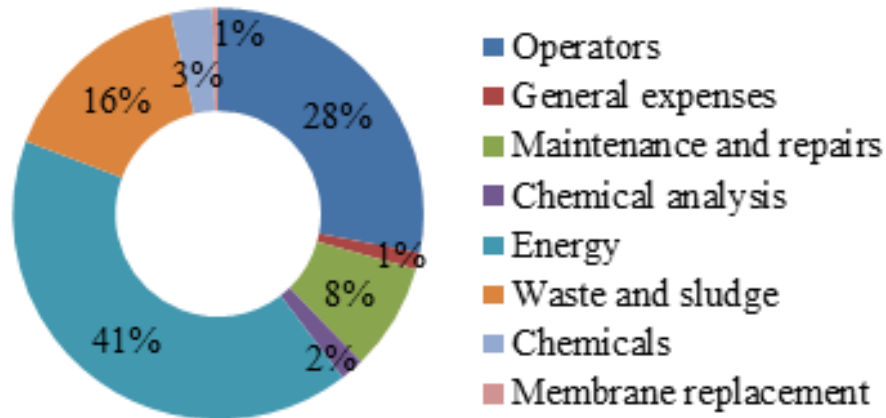
A. Fixed costs, € year <sup>-1</sup>	Items included
Operators	Annual salary/maintenance engineer
General expenses	Accounting, fees, insurance, supplies
Maintenance and repairs	Equipment and infrastructures
Energy	Potential term (€ kW <sup>-1</sup> year)
Chemical analysis	Royal Decree 11/1995
B. Variable cost, € year <sup>-1</sup>	
Overall energy consumption	Pre-treatment, membrane, biological and sludge
Waste and sludge	Disposal management
Chemicals	Membrane cleaning



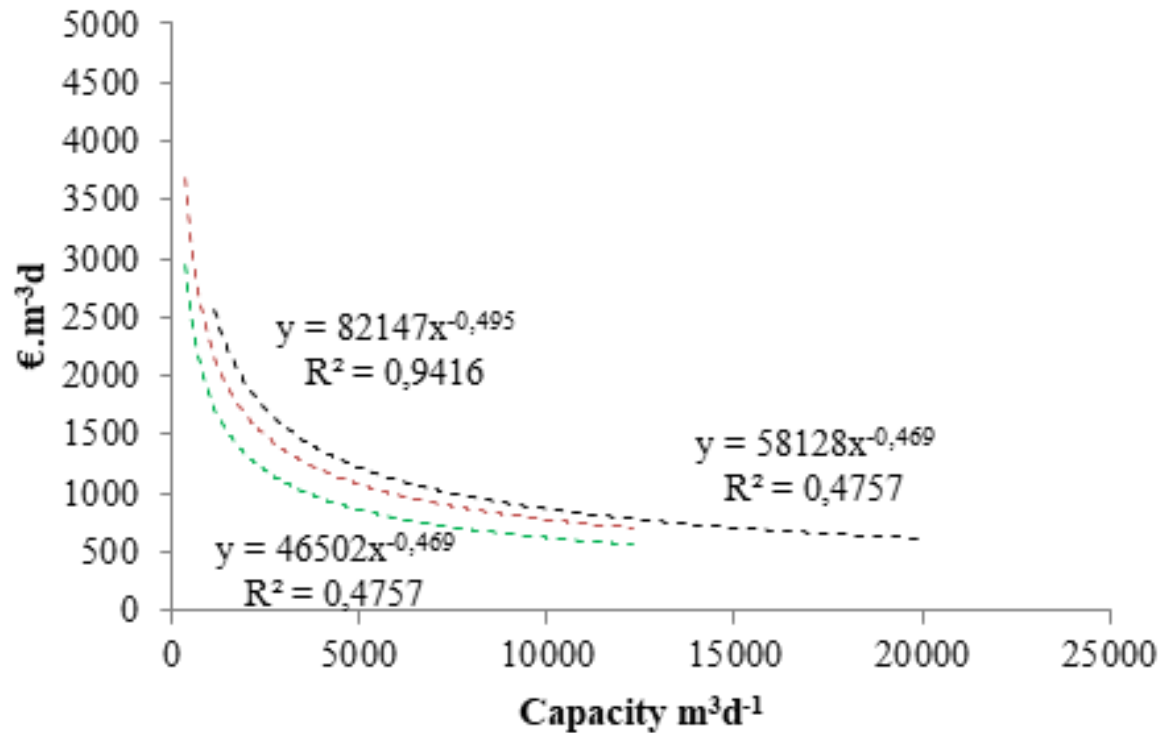
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## OPEX

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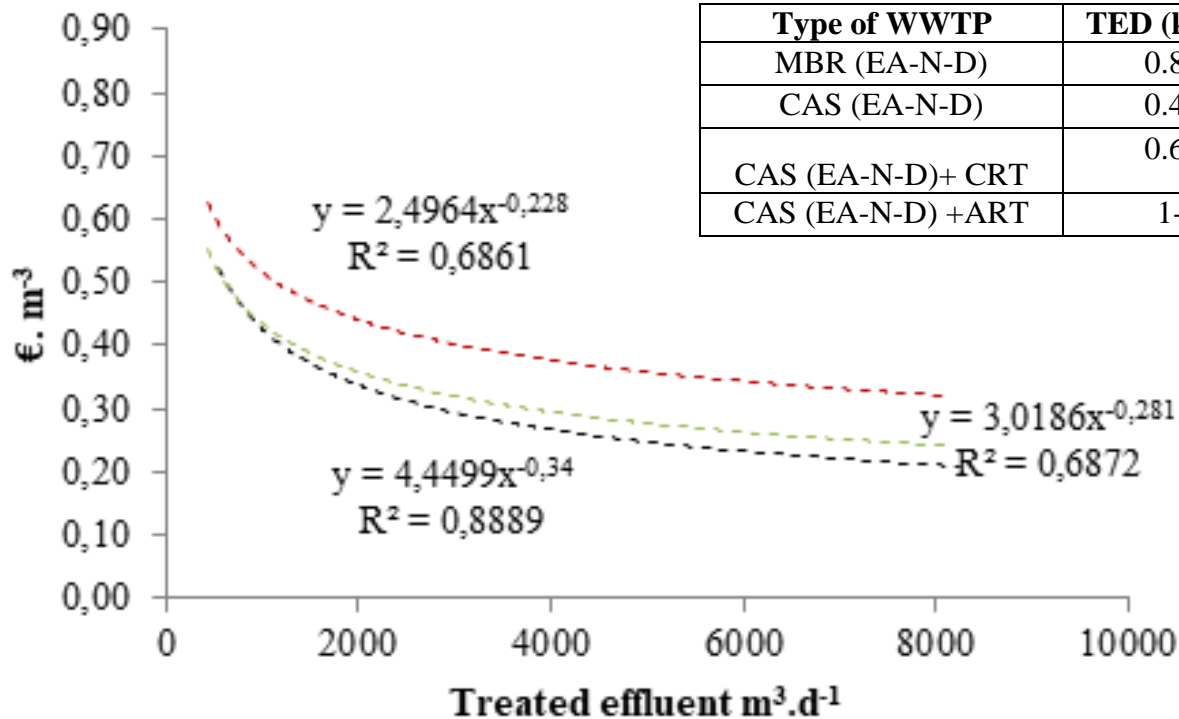


## CAPEX



- - - MBR
- - - Aireación prolongada + terciario convencional (coag., filtro arena y desinf.)
- - - Aireación prolongada + terciario avanzado (sistema de membranes)

## OPEX



Type of WWTP	TED (kwh.m <sup>3</sup> )	Energy cost (€.m <sup>3</sup> )
MBR (EA-N-D)	0.8-1.2	0.06-0.11
CAS (EA-N-D)	0.4-0.8	0.04-0.08
CAS (EA-N-D)+ CRT	0.6-1.0	0.06-0.1
CAS (EA-N-D) +ART	1-1.2	0.1-0.12

- MBR
- Aireación prolongada + terciario convencional (coag., filtro arena y desinf.)
- Aireación prolongada + terciario avanzado (sistema de membranes)



# I Contexto: experiencia / datos en España

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En España hay muchas instalaciones pero pocos datos de calidad.... tratados muy rigurosamente

## OPEX:

MBR 0.6-1.2 kWh/m<sup>3</sup> (energía 40%) vs AP + terciario MS 1.2 kWh/m<sup>3</sup>

MBR mayor consumo energético, menor mano de obra

## CAPEX:

MBR 700-960 €/(m<sup>3</sup>·d)

CAS + terciario convencional 730-850 €/(m<sup>3</sup>·d)

CAS + terciario MS 1050-1250 €/(m<sup>3</sup>·d)

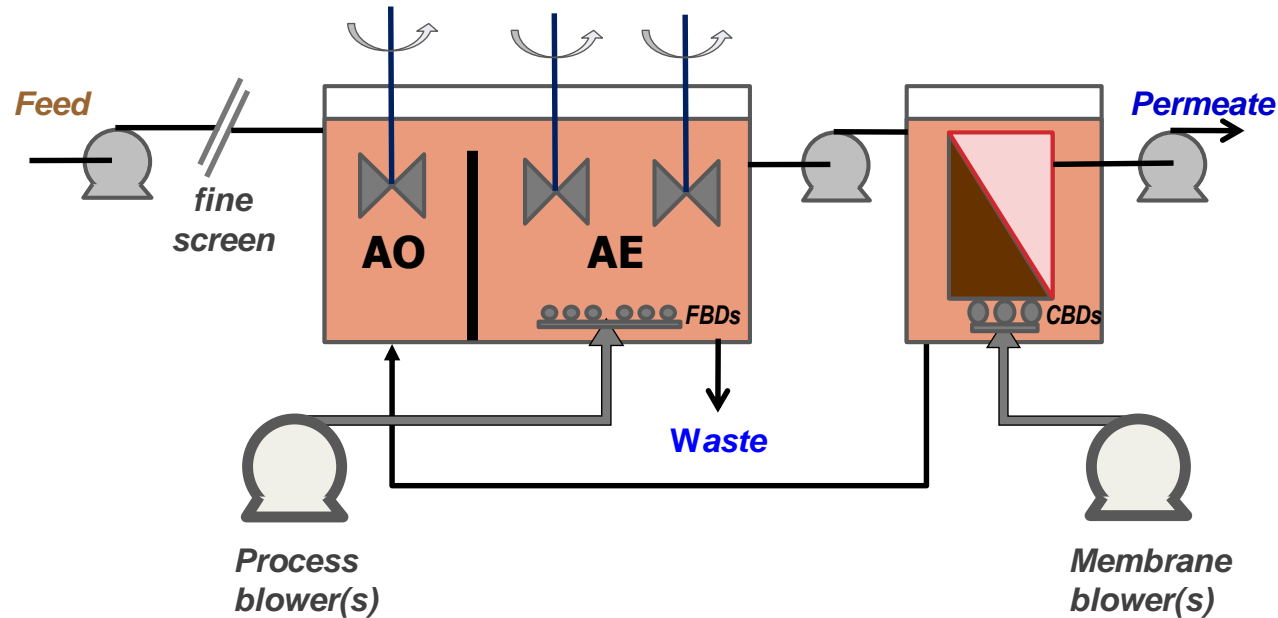
OPEX y CAPEX varían mucho con el caudal y la carga, pero MBR parecen competitivos para reutilización de aguas residuales urbanas a cualquier rango de caudales y más económicos a partir de 10.000 m<sup>3</sup>/d



## II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

La mayoría de estudios de costes de MBR son con membranas sumergidas y a caudales grandes

500 - 5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d MBR sumergidos vs membranas externas??\*

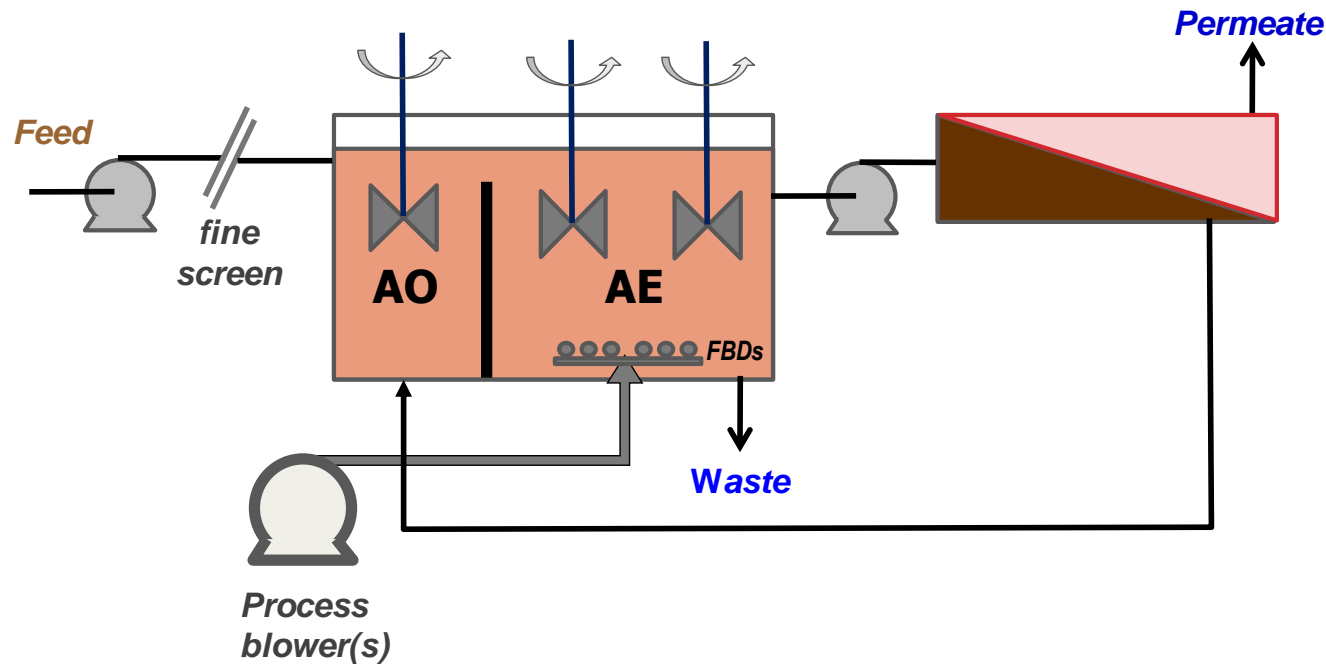


\* WEFTEC 2018

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# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

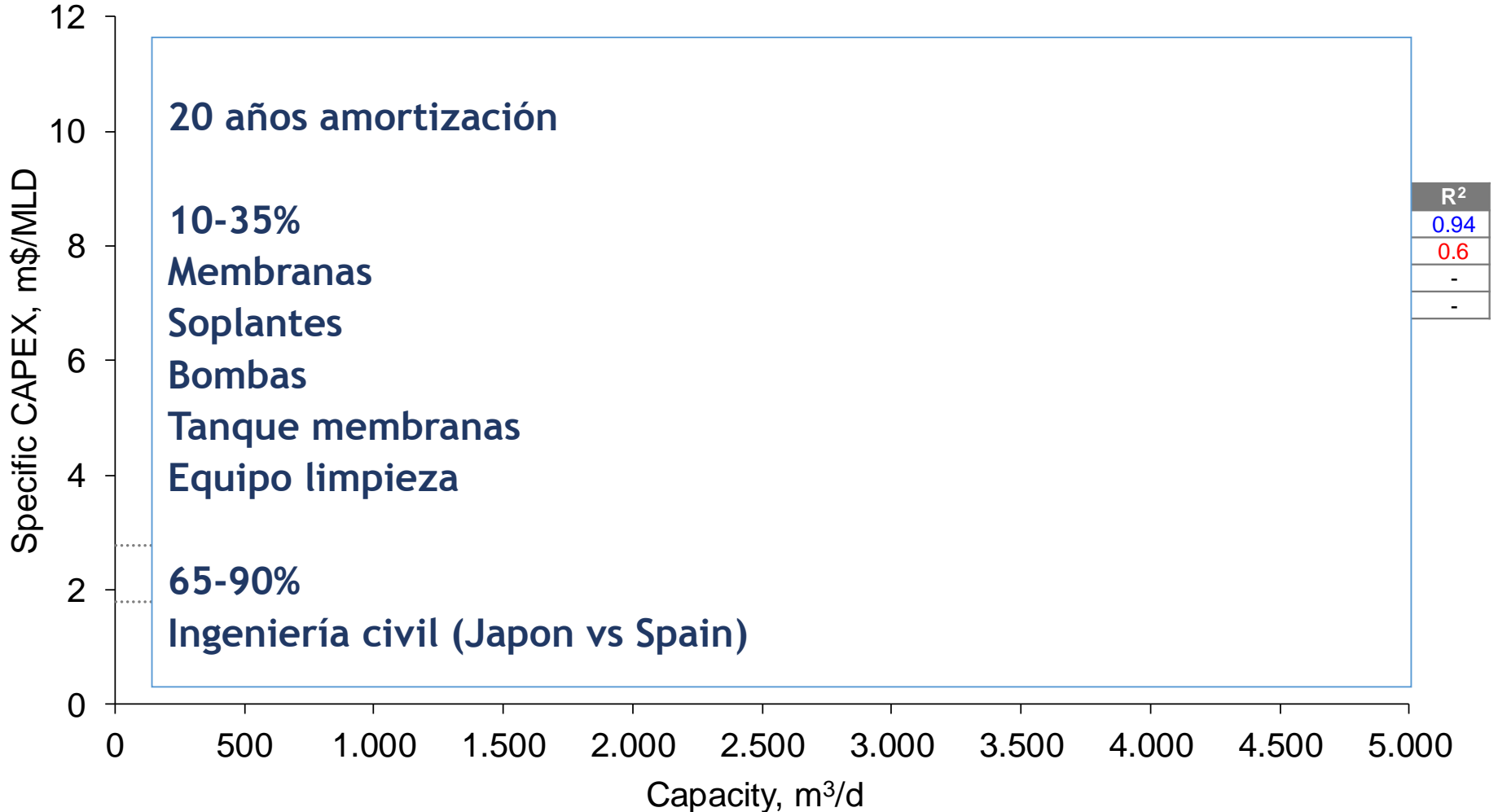
**Table 1.** Cost components and information sources

Parameter	Symbol	Refs	Notes/units
<b>CAPEX</b>			
Civil engineering	$L_{Civ}$	A,C,I-K	
Mechanical & electrical (M&E)	$L_{M\&E}$	A,C,I-K	
Equipment	$L_{Eq}$	A,C,F,H-K	
TOTAL CAPEX	<b>C</b>	A-F,H-K	<i>per m<sup>3</sup>/d</i>
<b>OPEX</b>			
Electrical	$L_E$	G	<i>per unit kWh energy</i>
Membrane replacement	$L_M$	G	<i>per m<sup>2</sup> membrane</i>
Chemicals consumption	$L_C$	G,K	<i>per kg chemical</i>
Waste disposal	$L_W$	K	<i>per m<sup>3</sup> permeate</i>
Labour	$L_L$	L,M,N	<i>staff effort per unit flow rate</i>
TOTAL OPEX	<b>O</b>		

A Brepols et al, 2010; B Cashman & Mosely (2016); C DeCarolis et al, 2007; D Fleischer et al, 2010, E Iglesias et al, 2017  
 F Itokawa et al, 2014; G Judd, 2011, 2014; H Lo et al, 2016; I Verrecht et al, 2012; J Wozniak, 2012; K Young et al, 2013  
 2014; L Ovivo, 2018; M Cormier and Murphy, 2013; N Poltak, 2008

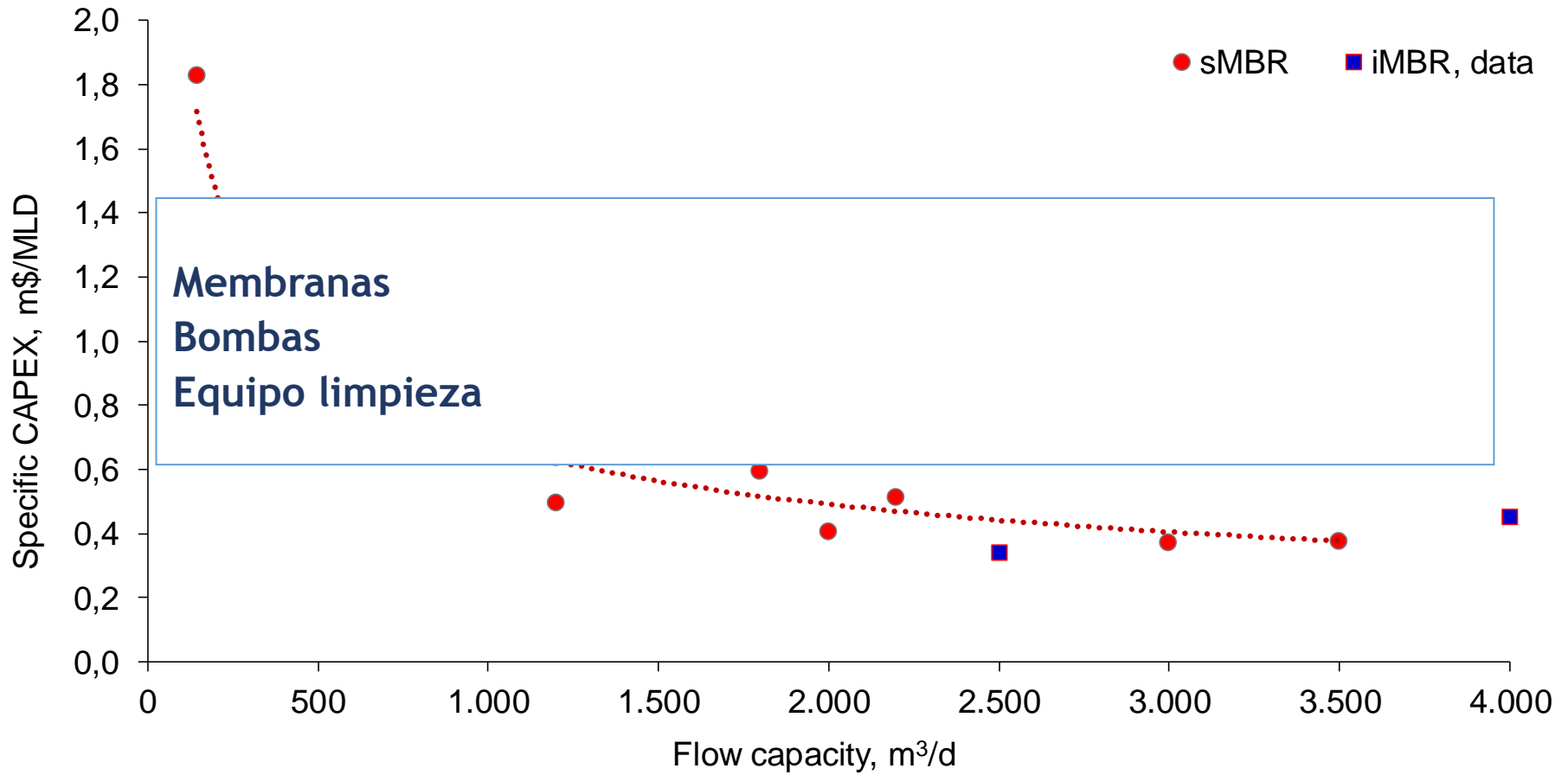
# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

## CAPEX MBR sumergido



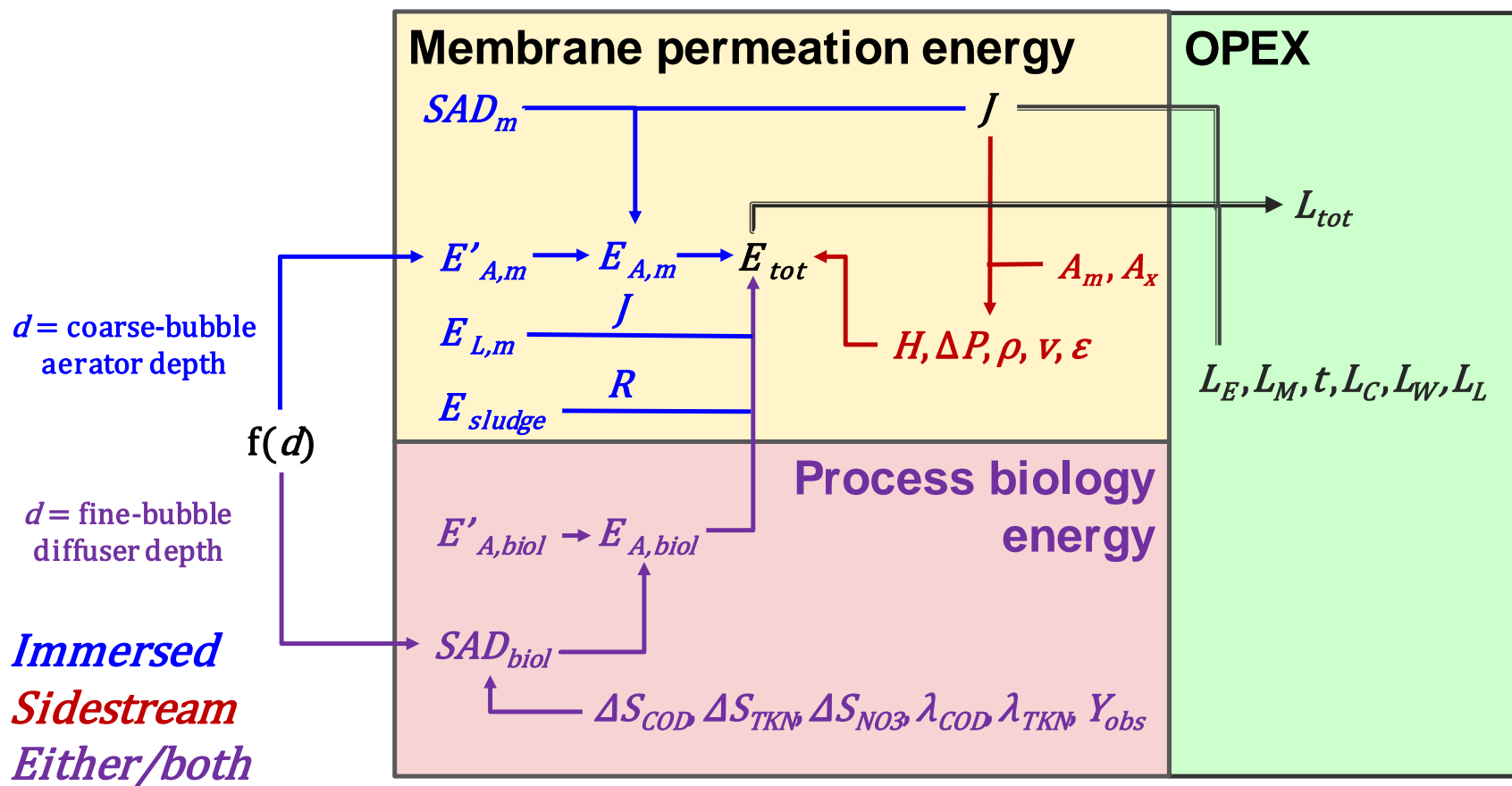
# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

## CAPEX MBR externo



# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

## Càlculo OPEX



# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

## OPEX MBR sumergido

Confi g.	h m	E' <sub>A,m</sub> kWh.Nm <sup>-3</sup>	SAD <sub>m</sub> Nm <sup>3</sup> .m <sup>-2</sup> .h <sup>-1</sup>		J <sub>net</sub> L.m <sup>-2</sup> .h <sup>-1</sup>		E <sub>A,m</sub> kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>	
			max	min	max <sup>1</sup>	min <sup>2</sup>	max <sup>2</sup>	min <sup>1</sup>
		-						
FS <sub>SD</sub>	3	0.014	0.75	0.55	25	15	<b>0.70</b>	<b>0.31</b>
FS <sub>DD</sub>	5	0.022	0.45	0.3	25	15	<b>0.66</b>	<b>0.26</b>
HF	3	0.014	0.4	0.2	25	15	<b>0.37</b>	<b>0.11</b>

FS<sub>SD</sub> Flat sheet single-deck; FS<sub>DD</sub> Flat sheet double-deck; HF Hollow fibre

<sup>1</sup>Associated with municipal iMBRs; <sup>2</sup>associated with industrial iMBRs.

**< 0.5 kWh.m<sup>-3</sup>**

Confi g.	Δp bar	R		E <sub>perm</sub> kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>	E <sub>L</sub> , kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>		E <sub>L</sub> +E <sub>perm</sub> , kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>	
		max	min		max	min	max	min
FS	0.1	5	3	<b>0.004</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.094</b>	<b>0.058</b>
HF	0.25	5	3	<b>0.011</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.101</b>	<b>0.065</b>

Pumping efficiency = 65%

Energy demand, sludge pumping = 0.004 kWh per m<sup>3</sup> of sludge pumped at negligible head loss



## II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

### OPEX MBR membranes externas

Process configuration	$J_{net}$ L.m <sup>-2</sup> .h <sup>-1</sup>	$\Delta p$ bar	$v$ m.s <sup>-1</sup>	$E_m$ kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>
Bombeo convenciona	150	3.5	4	<b>1.85</b>
Bombeo baja energia	50	1.5	1	<b>0.63</b>
- Air-lift, bombeo lodo	50	0.25	0.45	0.225
- Air-lift, bombeo aire			0.22	0.206
Air-lift, total	-	-	-	<b>0.43</b>

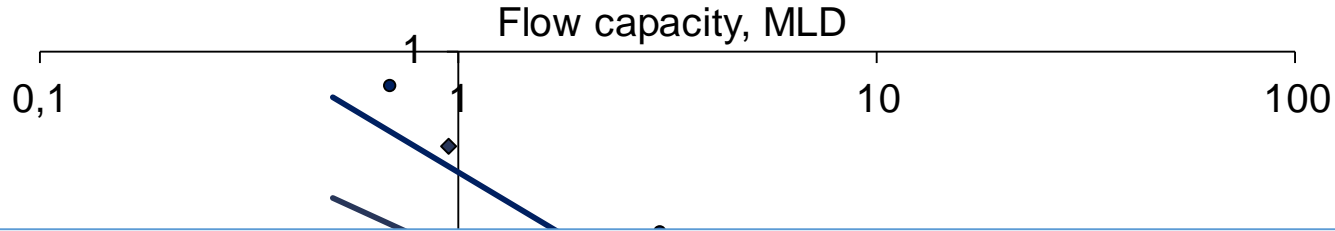
Tres configuraciones de membrana tubular:

- Bombeo convencional a ~3 m.s<sup>-1</sup> flujo tangencial
- Bombeo baja energia a ~1 m.s<sup>-1</sup> flujo tangencial
- Air-lift – bombeo y aireación combinados en membrana vertical

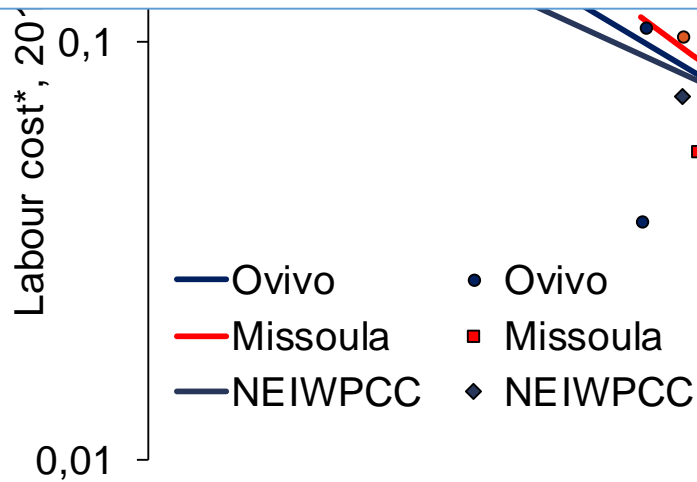
**≥ 0.5 kWh·m<sup>-3</sup>**

# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

## OPEX mano de obra (zona)



Mano de obra, 13-70%!!



*\*based on \$35.h<sup>-1</sup>, incl. overhead*

## II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

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### OPEX otras partidas

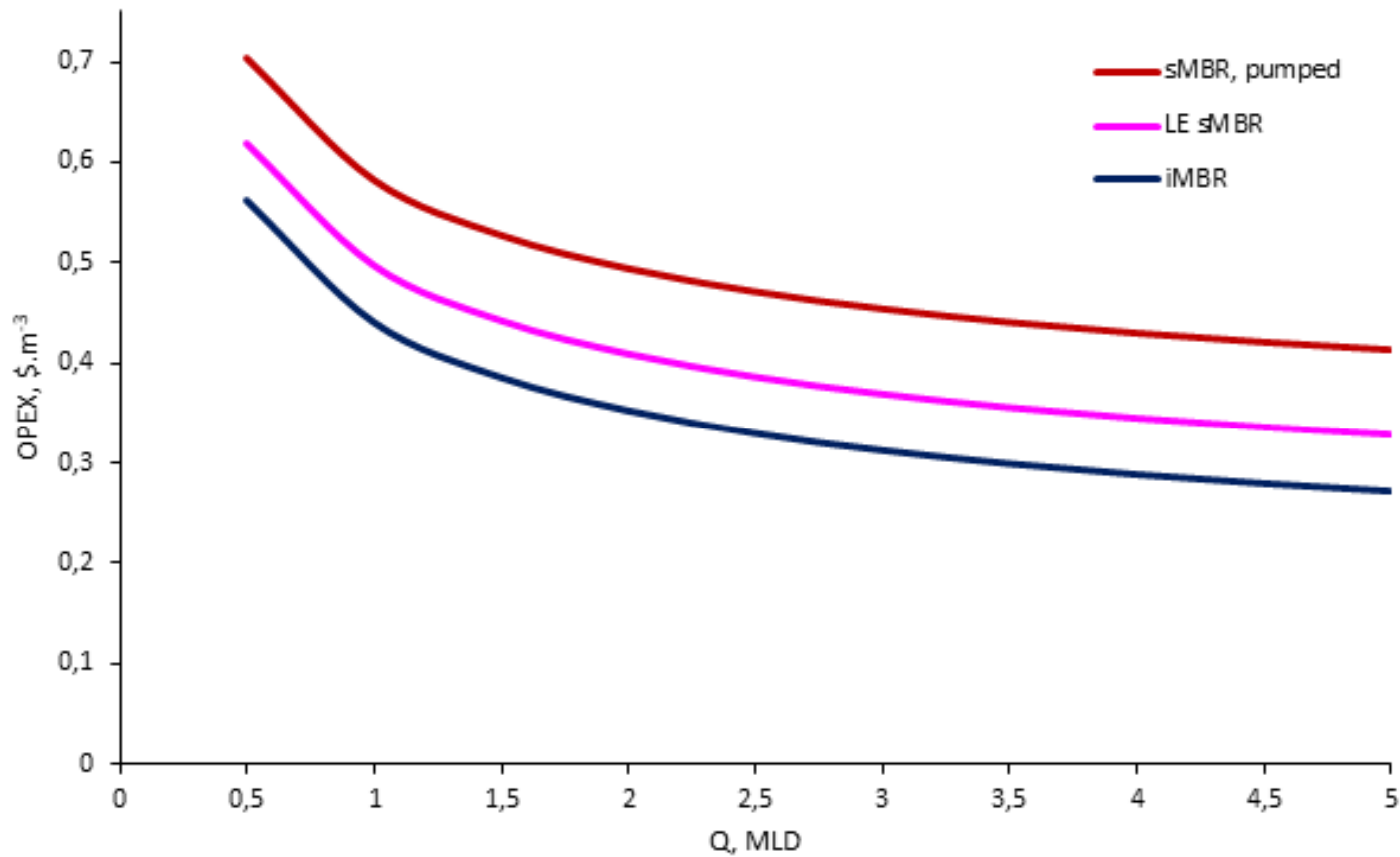
Aireación proceso biológico (función de la carga y SSLM) comparable (unos 0.5 kWh/m<sup>3</sup>). Se han tenido en cuenta los distintos SSLM HF vs FS y MT

Costes de la gestión de lodos (100\$ USA – 250\$ EU Tn lodo seco, 8-16%) y reactivos químicos (15%) similares

Mantenimiento: sustitución de las membranas ~10 años (50 HF vs 250 MT €/m<sup>2</sup>)

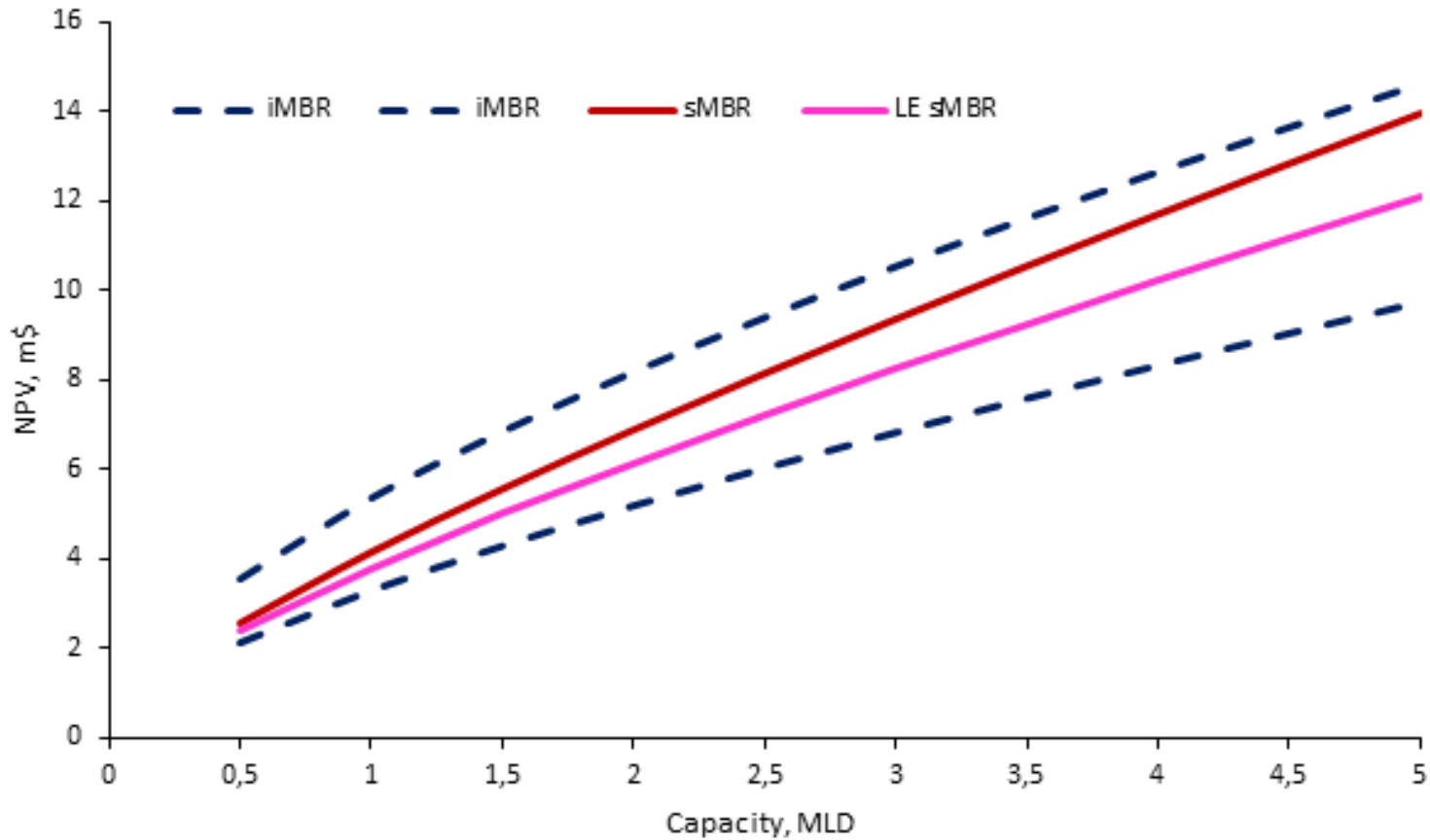
# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

## OPEX comparativo



# II sumergidos vs externos (500-5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d)

## Costes totales comparativo



II

Se han analizado costes de MBR sumergidos y externos para rangos de caudales entre 500 y 5000 m<sup>3</sup>/d

Datos reales de MBR implementados para CAPEX. Faltan datos más precisos  
Datos calculados/estimados para OPEX. Sensibilidad a los costes de mano de obra

Costes comparables para ambas configuraciones a estos rangos. MBR sumergidos (rango alto) favorable a partir de 7MLD vs MBR externo y a partir de 24 MLD para externo air lift

La clave de la viabilidad económica es la robustez del proceso (menor mano de obra)

I y II

España es pionera en regeneración de aguas residuales, y dispone de instalaciones y datos contrastados.

Costes reportados ligeramente inferiores a los valores de la literatura.

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CENTRO DE ESTETICA MBR

MBR  
CENTRO DE ESTETICA



# Análisis comparativo de CAPEX y OPEX para la tecnología BRM

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## Muchas gracias



**Table 1.** Membrane process parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Notes	Base value(s)
<i>Sidestream</i>			
Membrane surface area, m <sup>2</sup>	$A$		
Open x-sectional area, m <sup>2</sup>	$A_x$	$\pi d^2/4$ , $d$ being tube diameter	$d = 8$ mm
Static head, m	$H$		2
Transmembrane or trans-module pressure, kPa	$\Delta p$		100-350
Acceleration due to gravity, m.s <sup>-2</sup>	$g$		9.81
Liquid (or sludge) density, kg.m <sup>-3</sup>	$\rho$		1000
Mean crossflow velocity, m.s <sup>-1</sup>	$v$	Decreases with increasing $\theta$	1-4
<i>Immersed</i>			
Membrane-bio tank recycle ratio, -	$R_i$		5
SAD, membrane scouring, Nm <sup>3</sup> .m <sup>-2</sup> .h <sup>-1</sup>	$SAD_m$	Air flow rate/membrane area	0.25-0.55
SED, membrane permeation, kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>	$E_{L,m}$	Pump power/permeate flow rate	0.008-0.016
SED, sludge pumping, kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>	$E_{L,sludge}$	Pump power/sludge flow rate	0.016. $R_i$
SED, membrane aeration (air), kWh.Nm <sup>-3</sup>	$E'_{A,m}$	Blower power/air flow rate	
SED, membrane aeration (permeate), kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>	$E_{A,m}$	Blower power/permeate flow rate	
<i>General</i>			
	<b>Symbol(s)</b>	<b>Base value(s)</b>	
Permeate net flux, L or m <sup>3</sup> .m <sup>-2</sup> .h <sup>-1</sup>	$J$	15 (iMBR), 150 (sMBR)	
Membrane life, y	$t$	8 (sMBR), 10 (iMBR)	
Total electrical energy efficiency, -	$\epsilon_{tot}$	56%	
MLSS concn., process (membrane) tank, kg.m <sup>-3</sup>	$X$ ( $X_m$ )	8 iMBR - 16 sMBR (10 – 12 iMBR)	
Cost of electricity, membrane, Chemicals, waste disposal, labour per unit permeate volume, \$.m <sup>-3</sup>	$L_E, L_M, L_C, L_W, L_L$	-	

**Table 1.** Process biology parameters (assuming MLE process denitrification)

Parameter	Symbol	Base value(s)
SED, biological aeration, kWh.m <sup>-3</sup>	$E_{A,bio}$	
Oxygen content of air, %	$C'_A$	21%
Mass consumption of oxygen, g.m <sup>-3</sup>	$DO_2$	
Depth of aerator in tank, m	$h$	5
Change in COD, TKN, NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> concs., g.m <sup>-3</sup>	$\Delta S_{COD}, \Delta S_{TKN}, \Delta S_{Nitrate}$	500, 40, 0
Observed sludge yield, kgSS.kgCOD <sup>-1</sup>	$Y_{obs}$	0.35
Mass transfer correction factors	$\beta, \gamma$	0.95, 0.89 (at T = 15°C)
Biomass COD, TKN content, kg.kgSS <sup>-1</sup>	$\lambda_{COD}, \lambda_{TKN}$	1.1, 0.095
Oxyge transfer efficiency per unit depth, m <sup>-1</sup>	$OTE$	0.045 (iMBR), 0.055 (sMBR)
Air density, g.m <sup>-3</sup>	$\rho_A$	1.23

## OPEX y CAPEX MBR sumergidos

